WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 29, 1906-TWENTY-TWO PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

mander of the palace, who is personally charged with protecting the safety of the emperor's person, has redoubled his precautions. The garrison at Peterhof has been strengthened by a guard of Circassians and the detachment of Cossacks about the palace has been doubled. The servants at the palace, as heretofore, are the emperor's faithful Mamalukes and Tartars, some of whom do not speak the Russian language. The Russian servants are confined, for the time being, to tried lackeys and valets, but among these the terrorists have frequently boasted that they had spies. Newsboys carrying sacks are forbidden to enter the grounds of the old palace, to which the public is admitted, and no one is allowed within the walls surrounding the grounds of the small palace, where the imperial family resides, without a permit. Secret police by the hundreds, in civilian clothes, throng the parks and streets. The emperor never drives out beyond the grounds of the small palace, and the members of the court are practically prisoners within its walls. The principal amusement

bers of the court are practically prisoners within its wolls. The principal amusement is tennis, but all the gayety of the court

Grenadiers of the Guard Mutinuous

Conflict in the Douma.

The constitutional democrats and radical

have locked horns during today's session of

the lower house of parliament over the

project of the law of assembly drafted by

the committee of the constitutional demo-

crats. The project retains a number of the features of the provisional law promulgated last winter, such as the prohibition of meetings within a mile of the residence of the emperor and of the parliament building, the requirement of the presence of a police representative and a day's notice of the intention to hold meetings all of which

the intention to hold meetings, all of which were strongly attacked by the radicals. The

discussion was preliminary to the reference of the project to a committee.

Newspapers Confiscated.

The first number of the organ of the

newly formed socialist group in parliament,

entitled "The Precipice," and containing

the party's program, has been confiscated.

The program includes supporting parlia-

ment if it assumes the powers denied it by

the fundamental law, establishes an eight-

its distribution gratis to the peasantry.

The Nasha Shisn (Our Time) was again confiscated today. This is the liberal newspaper whose writers in January, 1905, were incarcerated in the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul, and which was confiscated in October of the comments was confiscated in

Exception.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 29 .- Owing to

the cases of the Burlington railway, re

broker, and his chief clerk, L. B. Taggart,

convicted of securing rebates, was post-

poned today. The matter probably will be

taken up tomorrow, when appeal bonds in

all the rebate cases so called, will be for-

A bill of exception in the cases of the

four meat packing companies-Armour, Swift, Cudany and Nelson Morris-has al-

MARYLAND OYSTER BEDS.

Surveyed.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 29 .- The work of

be marked, of course, but the records of

they can be accurately replaced. Capt. Yates of the United States coast

and geodetic survey will join the local force shortly and will carry on the survey-

ing work with them. Thus a double set of charts and records will be obtained and a

splendid system of checks and verifications

RECORD RAINFALL IN LONDON.

People Driven From Home and Under-

LONDON, June 29 .- Most of the arrange-

ments for the public observance of King

Edward's birthday were canceled today on

account of a severe rain storm which vis

ited this country during the early hours of

the morning. Over two inches of rain

fell in London in eight hours, constituting

a record. Many districts were flooded,

people were driven out of their houses, the

underground railroads were inundated and

traffic was stopped. In some of the sub-

urbs of this city the streets were impass-

able to pedestrians, and the imprisoned

occupants of flooded houses were rescued

by firemen in boats. The king ordered the

cancellation of the ceremony of trooping

the colors on the Horse Guards parade, and

The usual "rainbow dressings" of the warships at the naval ports were mostly

A great amount of damage was caused by the storm in the agricultural districts.

Representative Cushman Recovering.

Representative Cushman of Washington,

who was taken ill at the House of Repre-

sentatives after delivering a speech a day

or two ago and whose condition was re-ported to be serious, was so much better today that he was able to go out for a cur ride.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

om Liverpo

NEW YORK, June 29 .- Arrived: Baltic,

the abandonment of the reviews of troops

at Aldershot and elsewhere.

ground Roads Flooded.

will be obtained.

mally perfected.

ready been filed.

hour day for workmen, and provides for the

confiscation of all privately owned land and

life has vanished.

diers of the guard.

THAW ARRAIGNED, PLEADS NOT GUILTY

Brief **Proceedings** Justice Cowing.

NEW MOTION MAY BE MADE

Counsel for Defense Will Not Discuss His Plans.

WHITE'S LETTERS TO MRS. THAW

It is Said They Will Be Introduced as Evidence-A Certain Mys-

terious Document.

Special Dispatch to The Star. NEW YORK, June 29 .- Harry K. Thaw pleaded not guilty this morning before Judge Cowing in the court of general sessions to the indictment that had been found against him for killing Stanford White in the Madison Square roof garden Monday

When his case was called and the court clerk asked the formal question: "Do you plead guilty or not guilty?" Thaw exclaimed in a low voice but with apparent great eagerness: "Not guilty." He was quickly interrupted, however, by his counsel, W. M. K. Olcott, who said to Judge Cowing:

"Your honor we plead not guilty, with the privilege of withdrawing the plea on Tuesday or of making a new motion."

Assistant District Attorney Garvan told the judge he thought that the formal plea should stand without the consideration of any privilege, but Judge Cowing decided as Thaw's counsel had requested.

There was a big difference in Thaw's appearance today and that of yesterday as he sat through the proceedings in the coroner's court room that resulted in holding him for murder in the first degree. He had spent a quiet night in the Tombs and was awake early, to be on hand when the prison barber came around to shave him. Before 9:30 o'clock he was taken from the Tombs to the Criminal Court building by Deputy Sheriff Bell. He was not handcuffed nor was he placed in the batch in the "pen," where prisoners are kept to await their turn in the court. The deputy gave him a chair outside the inclosure and he sat there reading the morning papers for nearly an hour.

For about twenty minutes Judge Cowing had been engaged in hearing pleas on ball cases and then the prisoner cases were called. The line filed in from the rear of the room led by a cowering Italian, who was to plead to manslaughter. Thaw was

the sixth in the string. He was directly behind a big negro, and as the line stood off to one side of the court room awaiting the calling of the names Thaw asked the court officer if he could not move back a little. The court officer had nodded an acquiescence, and Thaw was moving back when suddenly the

court clerk called out "Harry K. Thaw." The Arraignment.

Thaw at once left the line and walked with a sturdy stride to the rail before the judge. The indifferent bearing that hall marked him in the coroner's court coom the day before was gone entirely. His hair, instead of being disheveled, as on his other appearance, was neatly combed. In place of the soiled handkerchief he work around his neck the day before there was a high turned-down collar and a neat bow tie of dark brown. As he stood before the bar me," his shoulders were held well back and his quest. face was all eagerness.
"Do you plead guilty or not guilty?" said

"Not guilty," said Thaw before his lawyer could get in his word to the judge.

Then Mr. Olcott entered the formal plea of not guilty, with the privilege of with drawing and making a new motion. With the judge's decision granting Olcott's request the court officer made a motion to Thaw and he turned away. He strode back to the entrance at the rear of the court

It was believed that the new motion which Mr. Olcott will make on Tuesday will be for the inspection of the grand jury minutes and for the dismissal of the indict ment on technical grounds. Mr. Olcott would not discuss his plans when seen on leaving the court.

Assistant District Attorney Nott was

court room about five minutes.

leaving General Sessions after the Thaw

proceedings were over when a friend re-"What is there in this case?"

"It is simply a question," said Mr. Nott, "of whether New York has got down to the level of a mining camp or whether a man has got some chance for his life

Mrs. Thaw to Help Her Husband. It is believed that the defense will call Mrs. Thaw as a witness, and that she will be asked to go over all the period of her friendship with White. She will be asked about a new story current today, to the effect that White had drugged her on one occasion. It is onlieved that it will be through the testimony of the wife, rather

than through anything else, that the de-fense will get before the jury testimony about White. The letters which Mrs. Thaw has placed in the hands of her husband's counsel will also be introduced. Thaw's lawyers say

that if an avenue is opened for a certain line of testimony the trial will be productive of much scandal. Mrs. Thaw went to the office of Mr. Ol-

nearly an hour with the attorney. When she left it was said that she was going to he Tombs to see her husband. Mrs. Thaw has expressed her intention of

seeing her husband daily. After her visit to the Tombs yesterday she appeared all smiles but it is said that after she reached the Hotel Lorraine, where she is living, she

Thaw is greatly encouraged by the determination with which his wife has under-taken to fight his case. He told one of the wardens yesterday that the solace for all his cares are the daily visits of his wife, to which he looks forward each day with

A Mysterious Document.

New stories touching on what recent development in Thaw's enmity for White may have led to the shooting are told daily. One current today referred in a vague way to a civil action brought against Thaw by Evelyn Nesblt before he married her. This sulit, it is said, was settled by Thaw, but not until after he had signed a statement not until after he had signed a statement which was very disagreesable to him. It is said that White knew the contents of this said that White knew the contents of the State there today in a the state dispensary, and R. H. Covar, bus additions the telegrath of the Star.

The superinten New stories touching on what recent de-

dictated it before it was presented for Thaw's signature. It was White's knowledge of this, according to the report, that rankled in Thaw's mind with other things, and it is also said that a recent reference to it added to the frenzy which had its culmination in the shooting of White.

"EMOTIONAL INSANITY" TO BE HARRY THAW'S DEFENSE

NEW YORK, June 29 .-- An announcement that the defense will make "emotional insanity" the basis for its fight for the release of Harry Thaw, in jail indicted for the murder of Stanford White, set at rest the speculation on this point today. Justiflable homeide and the straight plea of insanity had been suggested as a line of defense, but Thaw himself made the insanity move impossible by his refusal to consider It and by decilning to allow allenists to question him.

It will not be claimed that the young man is insane now. Such a plea would mean a sentence to the asylum for criminal insane at Matteawan.

This new line means a trial, and if the plea of "emotional insanity" is justified Thaw will be a free man. The defense it has also been announced, plans to bring out the whole story of White's life, of his relations with Evelyn Nesbit before she married Thaw and of his subsequent actions, which the defense claims annoyed Mrs. Thaw and goaded the husband on to the shooting.

District Attorney Jerome, who is on his vacation, left Cape Breton yesterday for New York. The arraignment of Thaw today in the court of special sessions was simply for the purpose of receiving the pris-oner's plea of "not guilty," and Mr. Je-rome's return, it is expected, will hurry the actual trial. It is suggested today that the district attorney may personally conduct the

Mrs. Thow will be a witness for her husband at the trial. She has declared her willingness to tell all she knows. She fully realizes that in doing so she will subject herself to a searching cross-examination. That Thaw bought a revolver to kill White, or that the killing was premeditated, will be denied. The defense is prepared to prove that Thaw had been accustomed for more than two years to carry a re-volver. About two years ago, according to evidence in its possession, Thaw was at-tacked by thugs while out late one night, and since that time had carried a weapon.

Anthony Comstock Called In. Thaw's action in telephoning Anthony Comstock yesterday aroused much interest. Mr. Comstock in an interview is quoted as saying that he is willing to appear for the defense if called upon and give evidence as to White's conduct.

"About a year and a half ago," said Mr. Comstock, "Thaw came to me and com-plained about White's actions. After his marriage he came to me many times. He saw me again about two weeks before the

"As to Thaw's purpose in furnishing me with this evidence against White, I firmly believe it was prompted by the purest motives. I do not mean that Thaw thought White should be murdered, but that he should be taken out of the community by legal process and put in prison. Thaw seemed to have an awful weight upon his heart when he visited me, but I was unable to fathom it and he never volunteered

from that received in anonymous letters which corroborated Thaw's statements I endeavored to get at the truth with a view to securing a conviction if possible.

"But when it came to prepring a case against White many difficulties confronted me. The result was that I had no sub-stantial evidence to offer in a legal action

which would make a conviction certain. My ill success in not bringing White to trial seemed to depress Thaw. As to whether I believe this depression caused Thaw to commit the murder I do not care to sav. seriously affected Mrs. Thaw. She had hardly reached her apartments when she

fainted and it was necessary to call a physician to revive her. Thaw's Unpleasant Experience.

Thaw has had several unpleasant experiences with prison discipline since his coninement in the Tombs, but his keepers say that on each occasion he has met them gracefully. He had considerable difficulty in getting to sleep last night because of the intense heat in his cell, and about midnight called a keeper and asked permission to walk in the corridors. "I'm used to night air, you know, and this is pretty hard on said the prisoner in making the re-"I'm sorry," replied the keeper, "but the

regulations forbid prisoners leaving their cells during the night." ", hen I guess I don't walk," was Thaw' An hour later he told the keeper he was the prison regulations were called to his at

"Then I don't eat, either," said Thaw with a smile, and a few minutes later he was sound asleep. He was up early this morning and by the time the gong sounded room and the proceedings in his case for morning and by the time the gong sounded the time were over. He had been in the at 7 o'clock was ready for the morning exin the corridor.

Talking to one of the keepers about the exercise he got in trison he said it was hardly enough for him, as he had been in the habit of swinging Indian clubs every morning when he first got up. He asked it it would not be possible for arrangements to be made for him to have either a pair of clubs or dumb bells brought to him so

that he could get more exercise.
"Not on this tier," was the keeper's diplomatic way of informing Thaw that prisoners charged with murder are not allowed to have weapons of any kind, or anything else with which they might possibly do themselves or others an injury.

selves or others an injury. While waiting for the opening of court Thaw sat near an open window in the Bridge of Sighs, which connects the prison with the Criminal court building. He freely with newspaper men and others dur-ing his brief stay, but declined to say anything whatever concerning his case. He appeared to be in good physical condition and said that he slept fairly well last night. "How do you find the beds?" Thaw

asked. "Well," he replied, "they are not just what I have been used to, but I guess I'll get accustomed to them."

MAY ADJOURN TODAY.

Only Hitch is in Regard to the Meat Inspection.

At a late hour this afternoon it was thought that Congress might find it convenient to adjourn tonight. However, adjournment is expected tomorrow.

The conferees on the meat inspection disagreed again this forenoon and the Senate conferees agreed to go back to the Senate and ask for instructions. The report was current about the Senate that it would instruct its conferees to agree to the House bill. If this is done it is thought that other pending business can be closed up in short

Contracts for Painting and Licetric

Work.

Capt. Poole, the engineer officer in charge of the State, War and Navy departments building, has made a contract with the



A FIT TRIBUTE TO THE GRAND, BIG-HEARTED, NOBLE-MINDED CHAMPION OF AMERICAN WOMANHOOD.

Murder for the Sake of Robbery Suspected in Cincinnati.

any information on the subject.
"On the strength of his information and SAILOR SHOT IN BROOKLYN

His Comrades Atempted to Prevent His Arrest.

strain of yesterday's proceedings Father Attempts to Kill Daughter, Who Eloped, but is Slain by Her Husband.

> CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 29 .- The body of John Armstrong of Pittsburg was found in Thorpe alley early today, and murder for the sake of robbery is suspected by the police. One arrest was made three hours later. Andrew Schultz, with whom Armstrong spent last evening, says they were attacked on the street by a crowd of negroes, and he insists that his friend must have been attacked later, and that \$50 in money, a gold watch and a handsome pin were stolen after he had been killed. Armstrong was employed by the Otis Elevator Company of Pittsburg. Four other arrests were made later in the

> day. Charles Wade, who claimed to be an eyewitness of the murder, is also being held by the police.

Sailor Killed in Brooklyn. NEW YORK, June 29.-Hugh P. Mc-Cairn, a sailor on board the United States steamship Pennsylvania, was shot and killed today by Patrolman Flannagan near the entrance of the navy yard in Brooklyn. It is said that when the policeman attempted to arrest McCairn, who was with a party of his shipmates, on a charge of intoxication, the entire party attacked Flanagan. After knocking the officer down the sailors fied, whereupon Flanagan fired, one shot striking McCairn, who ran into the navy yard. McCairn died soon afterward.

Killed Wife Then Himself.

MANNINGTON, W. Va., June 29.-James L. Coad, an oil driller, shot and killed his wife early today, dangerously wounded Samuel Hugh Williams, a boarder, and then committed suicide. Coad, it is said, deserted his wife last

January. In April she was granted a divorce and then opened a boarding house to support her family.

This morning her husband returned to town, and going directly to her home, shot her through the head while she was still in bed. Williams was sleeping on a lounge and Coad then turned the weapon on him, shooting him in the breast, after which he

put a bullet into his own brain.

Both husband and wife died almost instantly. Williams will probably recover. Tried to Kill Daughter.

HAZLETON, Pa., June 29.-Raffalo Marsicano went to the home of his daughter, Mrs. Joseph Withe, at West Hazleton last night and shot her in the head. The woman's husband seized Marsicano, and securing the latter's revolver instantly killed him. The daughter will recover. The shooting was due, the son-in-law claims, to the elopement of the daughter with him three months ago. After the shooting Withe gave himself up to the police.

Street Duel Fatal to Both. RALEIGH, N. C., June 29 .- A special to the Evening Times from Columbia, S. C.,

W. O. Tatum, dispensary commihas just received information from Orange burg that J. T. Parks, auditing elerk of

WARM EXCHANGE BETWEEN MESSRS. COOPER AND DALZELL.

There was a family row on the floor of the House this morning in which Repreentatives Dalzell of Pennsylvania and Cooper of Wisconsin, both republicans, were the participants. Before the fracas was over the House was treated to the unusual experience of having one member demand that a speech printed by another member In the Record be thrown aside and the origina! stenographic report of that speech be inserted in its place. Some hard words were exchanged and there was a good deal of bitter feeling on both sides.

The excitement was the result of a speech made by Mr. Cooper yesterday in which he made some pointed remarks about Representative Dalzell in particular and the committee on rules in general. This morning shortly after the House convened Mr. Dalzell arose and remarked that vesterday, after hearing Mr. Cooper's speech he had made the statement that if he thought as meanly of his colleague as Mr. Cooper did he would resign from Congress.

"The speech preceded that remark of mine," said Mr. Dalzell, "and I have a right as a matter of justice to myself to have the speech that was made printed in the Record and not another speech which entirely changes the sense. Mr. Cooper jumped to his feet and inter-

rupted Mr. Dalzell. 'I deny," said Mr. Cooper, "that the substantial character of my speech was changed in any particular and the gentleman can insert it all. But the report which came to me was so ungrammatical and distorted and mistaken in many ways that I tried to make it as smooth as possible. But it contains the exact ideas I ex-"Before I left the House last evening,"

replied Mr. Dalzell, in a voice that trembled with rage, "I went to the stenographer's desk and obtained a copy of the speech de livered by the gentleman from Wiscons'n (Mr. Cooper), which I hold in my hand now It is a remarkably well reported speech There are very few inaccuracies of gram-mar. The right of the gentleman to correct these no one can deny. His right to make insertions and to take out parts, in so far as they do not affect the meaning and purpose of the speech, no one will deny. but no gentleman has the right to change the substantial character of a speech which involves the sense and meaning of another gentleman's speech. Mr. Cooper in his remarks yesterday impugned the motives and belittled the intelligence of his colleague in this House. He impugned my motive, and whether or not the changes are substantial, I will let the House and not the gentleman

from Wisconsin judge.

"Mr. Cooper said, in answer to my statement, that 'the gentleman says that this is an effort to carry out the spirit of the rule. In my judgment this is an effort distinctly and deliberately to violate the spirit of the spirit and deliberately to violate the spirit that the spir of the rule. If that was not an imputation upon my motive than I am unable to understand the English language. The gentleman from Wisconsin very cunningly changed that sentence to read this way, 'In my judment this is an effort which distinctly and

ment this is an effort which distinctly and deliberately violates the spirit of the rule."

"Mr. Cooper also said, "We go to work worse than a lot of town supervisors ever do and worse than anybody anywhere pretending to an ordinary intelligence." The gentleman from Wisconsin did not allow that sentence to remain in the Record.

"I allow the House to judge as between the gentleman and myself as to whether or not he changed the substance of his speech, as to whether or not he did a dishonorable thing not only with respect to the House in the mangling of its records, but an indecent thing in respect to his colleague, whose motive he impugned upon the floor of this House when he comes in the silence of his chamber to read over what he has said here, and has not the courage to repeat it, but and has not the courage to repeat it, but deliberately, no one else being by, took it cut of the Record."

out of the Record."

Mr. Cooper made a reply denying that he had impugned the motive of Mr. Dalzell, or anybody else, and explaining what he had intended to say.

At the conclusion of Mr. Cooper's explanation a vote was taken and the House, by a considerable majority, expunged Mr. Cooper's speech from the Record and put in its place his remarks as taken down originally by the official stenographer. The exact vote by which this unusual proceeding was accomplished was 66 to 48.

Sorel, the French Historian, Dead,

CHARGED DUPLICITY FEAR OF THE ARMY Postponement of Filing the Bills of

Apprehensions of the Russian General Staff Unconcealed.

FRENCH HISTORY RECALLED

Troops May Act as They Did When

ALLEGED PLOT IN THE PALACE

Denied That the Czar Will Leave Peterhof-Taking Added Precau-

name of the disloyal first battalion to be cers of the battalion have been deprived forever of the special rights enjoyed by guardsmen and hereafter the battalion will be designated "The Special Infantry Battallon."

The general staff no longer conceals its fear that the morale of the entire army is the survey will be such that should these profoundly shaken and that with parlia- marks be designedly or accidentally moved ment championing the cause of the mu-tineers in each instance as it arises the first big test may find troops lined up as the French guards did two days before the Bastile fell on the side of the people and

against the monarchy.

The Slovo today says that the troubles in the army have routed the reactionary court camarila and have precipitated a definite decision not only not to dissolve parliament, but to dismiss the Goremykin cabinet, and that, in the meantime, the emperor has directed the ministers to re ply to all interpellations in parliament.

Count Witte, from his self-imposed exile abroad, has dispatched several urgent telegrams here, emphasizing the necessity of putting a stop to the anti-Jewish outbreaks, the impression of which on the outside world has seriously affected Russian credit.

The Czar Will Not Leave Peterhof. An official denial is given of the report that the emperor and court are leaving Peerhof and returning to Tsarskoe-Selo, owing to the discovery of a revolutionary plot among the palace servants. The report s officially accounted for by rumors following the retirement of Gen. Plesko, the commandant at Peterhof, and the appoint-ment of Col. Lementoff, commander of the Imperial Regiment of Uhlans, as his sucrespectively. The former's retirement is stated to be duly to private considerations, but several officers of his staff are indignant at the promotion of Col. Lermentiff over their heads, and have asked to be relieved. This gave rise to the report of the discovery of a revolutionary plot

of a revolutionary plot.

While the official explanations are regarded with suspicion, as it is beyond question that the terrorists and revolutionists

tion that the terrorists and revolutionists are constantly attempting to gain a foothold in the palace, there is no cause to doubt the truth of the official statement that the court has no intention of returning to Tsarskoe-Selo this summer.

Peterhof, in reality, is much safer for the imperial family than Tsarskoe-Seloe, being located on a gulf enabling the imperial yacht to be moored at a wharf 200 yards from there, always available to convey the emperor and his family to Finiand or some other place of security. There is an elaborate system of wireless telegraphy connecting the palace at Peterhof with the fortresses of Cronstadt and Viborg and Helsingfors, and with the warships in the gulf, thus insuring the emperor against being again cut off from the outside world, as he was during the telegraph operators strike of last fall.

Protection of the Cine

October of the same year, and again in April last, for expressing its views on the Russian loan. WESTERN REBATE CASES.

the Bastile Fell.

Natural Grounds of the Bivalve Being Special Dispatch to The Star. tions for His Safety. surveying the natural oyster grounds of

the state waters with a view to throw open ST. PETERSBURG, June 29 .- The the other bottoms for the purpose of oyster crushing blow inflicted on the emperor by cultivation, as provided by the acts of asthe discovery of disaffection in his regi- sembly at the session of 1906, has had an ment, the Freebrajensky regiment of Life actual start under the supervision of Mr. Guards, as shown by its adoption of resolu- Swepson Earle, the engineer of the board tions recently upholding all the actions of of shellfish commissioners. President parliament and announcing that the men Mitchell and Dr. Grave of the board will be wanted no more police duty entailing the in Annapolis and it is expected that they slaying of brothers or fathers, has so af- will engage with Mr. Earle in the practical fected his majesty that he has ordered the work of the survey. The McLane of the state fishery force, stricken from the roll of the Imperial with Mr. Earle and two helpers, left for Guards. In addition the soldiers and offi- Hackett's Point, this county, where the work of surveying is to begin. Mr. Earle's work yesterday consisted of ascertaining shore points or stations for his triangulation work by which all the lines on the water of the oyster beds will be mathematically ascertained and fixed. This will

AT THE WHITE HOUSE

warm tonight and tomorrow.

Partly cloudy and continued

Weather.

Many Members of Congress Call to Say Farewell.

CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS

Joking With Representative Loudenslager on Them.

THE PRESIDENT'S DEPARTURE

The Bourse Gazette today reports an out-If Congress Adjourns Tonight He break of mutinous spirit among the grena-Will Go Tomorrow, if Tomorow He Special dispatches to the Russkay Slavo say that two regiments of Yelizamethpo have refused to fire on strikers. May Be Detained Until Monday.

> In anticipation of the possible adjournment of Congress tonight there was a rush of congressional farewell call at the White House up to the hour of the time for the assembling of the cabinet in regular meeting. The President shook hands most cordially with all the visitors and extended his best wishes. The truth is that Congress and the President part with each other in a much better frame of mind and in a more kindly spirit than was once expected. The terrific feeling engendered by railroad rate legislation; the action of the President in putting postmasters under the civil service. to a large extent depriving representatives of patronage they had heretofore enjoyed. and by which many of them had kept their seats in Congress; the meat inspection amendment; statehood and several other things aroused some resentment on the part of Congress toward the White House, but that has apparently disappeared to a large extent. So far as the President is concerned this feeling was not desired or invited, and he has generously ignored it. The restora-tion of cordial relations is gratifying all

around Among those who called ether on business or to say good-bye were Senators Spooner, La Folette, Eikins, Filnt, Warren, Fulton, Smoot and Dryden, Representatives Humphrey, Mondeil, Rodenburg, Martin, Mann, William Alden Smith and Louden-

Campaign Contributions. Mr. Loudenslager is the secretary of the republican congressional committee. He said that the headquarters of the committee will again be at the St. James building, in New York, and that the committee will probably not get to work he ore August 1.

he non-arrival of Judge Smtih McPherson "Have you received a check from William from Joplin, who has been holding court R. Hearst?" asked a man. in that city, the filing of bills of exception "Not yet," was the grave response. "The chances are that he will send his contribu cently convicted of granting concessions, tion in cash, to save going to the banks to and of George L. Thomas, the New York

cash the check.' Mr. Loudenslager intimated that while contributions might be scarce, the committee would be fairly well supplied from funds left over from the last campaign. The President this morning signed the bill permitting cattle to remain on trains

thirty-six hours without unloading. The Senator Dryden saw the President to urga that the bid of the New York Shipbuilding Company for the construction of one of the new battleships be given consideration. Senator Dryden told the President that the New York company is one of the two low-est bidders, the other being the Cramp con-

cern. As only one vessel can go to a bi-der this would leave the New York company with an excellent show for a ship. President's Departure. Should Congress end its work tonight the President will probably leave here tomorrow night to join his family and to begin

a season of much needed rest. If Congress

does not adjourn until tomorrow the Presi-

dent may be detained here until Monday. Today's cabinet session is probably the last one that will be held this summer unless extremely important matters should require the assembling of the advisers of the President at Oyster Bay. Cabinet oil-cers will be going to Oyster Bay at intervals during the summer to discuss matters in their departments, but the entire membership would not be called together there unless it became necessary, in the opinion

of the President. The Oil Prosecutions.

Attorney General Moody went to the cabinet meeting today with a handful of important looking papers. These were taken up at the cabinet meeting. They are supposed to have related to the Standard Oil prosecutions. A conference on this same subject was held at the White House yesterday afternoon, those with the President being Attorney General Moody, Assistant to the Attorney General Purdy, and Messrs. Morrison and Kellogg, special counsel employed by the Department of Justice to aid in the oil cases in connection with the United States attorneys at different points. Mr. Morrison was recently United States attorney at Chicago, but he was not want-ed there by the Illinois senators and another man was nominated a few days ago. The principal work of Messrs. Morrison and Kellogg will be to conduct investiga-tions to determine just how far and in how many instances the Standard Oil has violated the laws of the country. The President has signed a large number of bills in the last two days. Whether he

bills has not been determined.

will spend the last few hours of Congress at the Capitol for the purpose of signing

GENERAL COUNSEL Richard R. Rogers Appointed Such by

Canal Commission. The isthmian canal commission today anocunced the appointment of Mr. Richard Reid Rogers as general counsel of the com-

Mr. Rogers was graduated from Princeton University and from the University of Virginia. He is a native of Kentucky, and was formerly assistant attorney general of that state, but at the time of his appointment he was associated with the firm of

Guthrie, Cravath & Henderson of New

Youth Charged With Burglary.

PITTSBURG, June 29 .- Frank S. Galey, son of Mrs. Samuel Galey, widow of a millionaire oil operator, was arrested last night and is locked up, charged with an attempt to rob the residence of James B. Laugh president of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company. He has confessed and has im plicated Joseph Boyd, also son of a million